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| 1 | UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT |
| 2 | SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK |
| 3 | Case No. 08-01789-smb |
| 4 | Adv. Case No. 10-04446-smb |
| 5 | x |
| 6 | SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION, |
| 7 | Plaintiff, |
| 8 | v. |
| 9 | BERNARD L. MADOFF INVESTMENT SECURITIES, et al., |
| 10 | Defendants. |
| 11 | x |
| 12 | IRVING H. PICARD TRUSTEE FOR THE LIQUIDATION OF BERNARD L. |
| 13 | MADOFF INVESTMENT SECURITIES LLC, |
| 14 | Plaintiff, |
| 15 | v. |
| 16 | TRUST UNDER AGREEMENT DATED 12/6/99 FOR THE BENEFIT OF |
| 17 | WALTER AND EUGENIE KISSINGER, ET AL., |
| 18 | Defendants. |
| 19 | x |
| 20 | U.S. Bankruptcy Court |
| 21 | One Bowling Green |
| 22 | New York, NY 10004 |
| 23 | July 6, 2016 |
| 24 | 10:15 AM - 10:50 AM |
| 25 | |

Page 3 Hearing re: Discovery Conference re Deposition of Aaron Blecker for Profit Withdrawal Proceeding Hearing re: Discovery-Related Matters (applies to various additional adversary proceedings as set forth in letters dated 5/24/16 from Chaitman LLP) Transcribed by: Sonya Ledanski Hyde

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Page 4
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    APPEARANCES:
2
3
    CHAITMAN LLP
4
         Attorney for Carol Nelson, Defendant
5
         465 Park Avenue
6
         New York, NY 10022
7
8
    BY: HELEN DAVIS CHAITMAN, ESQ.
9
10
    BAKER & HOSTETLER, LLP
11
         Attorney for the Debtor
12
         45 Rockefeller Plaza
13
         New York, NY 10111
14
15
    BY: EDWARD J. JACOBS
16
         DAVID J. SHEEHAN
17
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19
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Page 5 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 MR. SHEEHAN: Good morning, Your Honor. David 3 Sheehan, for the trustee. I'm here on the Blecker 4 application. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Well, let me hear from Ms. 6 Chaitman first, because who wrote the first letter? 7 MR. SHEEHAN: Pardon, Your Honor? 8 THE COURT: Who wrote the first letter? Oh, you 9 wrote the first letter, I'll hear from you first. 10 MS. CHAITMAN: Shall I make my appearance now? 11 THE COURT: Yeah, sure. 12 MS. CHAITMAN: Okay. Helen Davis Chaitman, on behalf of Aaron Blecker. 13 14 MR. SHEEHAN: Your Honor, what we seek to do here today is one that out of the ordinary course. I must say I 15 16 don't know why I'm here. What we have here is a claimant 17 who claims he didn't get a check. 18 THE COURT: Right. MR. SHEEHAN: That's it, that's the evidence, 19 20 that's all they have, they have nothing else. He says "I 21 didn't get it." 22 THE COURT: Okay, and you say he did. MR. SHEEHAN: That's right. 23 24 THE COURT: So what's the purpose of taking his 25 deposition?

Page 6 1 MR. SHEEHAN: The purpose of taking his deposition 2 is his truthfulness is central to his entire case. What we did is we did exactly what everyone else 3 would do. Once it became clear, as Your Honor suggested, 4 5 and even reminded that more than once, that we should have 6 an inquiry into the facts behind this. The trustee set this 7 up as a motion --8 THE COURT: The inquiry I suggested was more into 9 the general question of what VW meant. Obviously, I guess 10 you're free to take discovery into every individual case in 11 which someone has asserted a claim that the trustee is determined to disallow. 12 13 But the discovery we were talking about was not individual discovery. But I'm not aware of a discovery 14 15 deadline vis-à-vis claims determination. So let's get off 16 the timing of it, and tell me what you think Mr. Blecker, 17 who has just turned 105 --MR. SHEEHAN: Correct. 18 THE COURT: -- is going to testify to that he 19 20 hasn't already testified to. 21 MR. SHEEHAN: I don't care if he's 25, 55, or 105. 22 THE COURT: What do you think he's going to say 23 that he didn't say --24 MR. SHEEHAN: What he's going to say is he's going 25 to --

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| 1 | THE COURT: Let me finish. |
| 2 | MR. SHEEHAN: I'm sorry, Your Honor. |
| 3 | THE COURT: What do you think he's going to say |
| 4 | that he didn't say in his prior deposition? |
| 5 | MR. SHEEHAN: Well, he's going to answer questions |
| 6 | that we didn't ask then. |
| 7 | THE COURT: Why didn't you ask them? |
| 8 | MR. SHEEHAN: Because it was a week after Your |
| 9 | Honor suggested that we take it. We hadn't done any |
| 10 | discovery, we had not done document demands, we had not done |
| 11 | interrogatories, we had not done request for admissions. |
| 12 | In those request for admissions and document |
| 13 | demands, he has contradicted statements he has made in |
| 14 | writing. |
| 15 | THE COURT: Well, then you'll just show that at |
| 16 | the hearing, and maybe |
| 17 | MR. SHEEHAN: Your Honor, I'm suggesting that I |
| 18 | don't get to take this man's deposition before because he's |
| 19 | 105? |
| 20 | THE COURT: No. |
| 21 | MR. SHEEHAN: There's no other reason not to allow |
| 22 | this. |
| 23 | THE COURT: All right, all right. |
| 24 | MR. SHEEHAN: Really isn't. |
| 25 | THE COURT: Okay. |

MR. SHEEHAN: He's contradicted himself. He's contradicted himself at the deposition. He couldn't remember the names of people at the deposition, but he remembers whether he got a check or didn't get a check. And Your Honor's suggesting that this is not a fertile field for a deposition?

THE COURT: No, I'm not. Let me hear from Ms. Chaitman.

MS. CHAITMAN: Your Honor, you had originally suggested that we preserve his testimony. We set a date for the deposition. The trustee's counsel was present. He chose not to ask any questions. He didn't request to continue the deposition. The trustee's counsel never requested to continue the deposition.

Mr. Blecker is now 105 years old. The discovery, with respect to the profit withdrawal issue, had closed and it was extended simply based on Your Honor's urging that the trustee speak to the Madoff employees who had handled the profit withdrawal transactions. That was the reason for the extension of the discovery. Normally, Your Honor --

THE COURT: Well, but this really goes to his individual claim determination. There is this kind of larger issue of what PW means, without regard, necessarily, to any particular claimant, and I'm not going to hear testimony at that hearing, claimants coming up and saying,

- "I didn't get anything." I'll hear that, I guess, when the time comes for the claim determination.
 - MS. CHAITMAN: But the thing is, when you take a deposition, your adversary has an obligation to come and ask questions. He can't wait three and half years later, and all of a sudden think of a question. And in addition, Your Honor, we're dealing with a man who's 105 years old. I don't want him to die over this.

THE COURT: Can I ask you a question? There was an exhibit marked at his deposition, a declaration. What declaration was that? Do you remember?

MS. CHAITMAN: It was the declaration that had been filed with the Court a few days -- within a couple of weeks before we argued, and Your Honor made the request that his testimony be preserved.

THE COURT: Was it the declaration that he signed on April 29th, 2014?

MS. CHAITMAN: I believe that it was, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, thank you. I'm not going to permit you to take Mr. Blecker's deposition.

On April 19th, 2014, he submitted a declaration which squarely put into issue the question of his profit withdrawals, and whether he had ever received anything.

Over two months later -- what was the date of his

deposition? More than two months later, you take his

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Page 10 1 deposition, or you defend his deposition. 2 Ms. Chaitman takes it at my suggestion, because at that time he was 103, to preserve his testimony. He says, 3 "I didn't receive any withdrawals." 4 5 Now, you know, I mentioned the last time that 6 there are things about that testimony that scream a little 7 credibility, or credulity, but you had the opportunity to 8 take his deposition at the time. He was 103, what were you 9 reserving questions for? 10 He's going to testify that he didn't receive 11 anything. If you have any contrary evidence that he did, you can bring it forward. But there's no need --12 MR. SHEEHAN: Could I --? 13 14 THE COURT: -- to take his deposition. He's been 15 deposed, you had the opportunity to cross-examine him. 16 issue of what he withdrew was upfront in a declaration that 17 he submitted two months before, so you had all the 18 information you needed. Anything else on this? 19 MR. SHEEHAN: I object. 20 THE COURT: Okay. MR. SHEEHAN: Your Honor --21 22 THE COURT: You can submit an order. MS. CHAITMAN: If you'd like, Your Honor, I can 23 start. We're here on the ever-arising issue of the bank 24 25 subpoenas.

Page 11 1 THE COURT: The never-ending, I would say. 2 MS. CHAITMAN: Yes, you're right, the never-ending 3 issue. 4 When I was here before Your Honor in April, we had 5 a colloquy that wasn't on the calendar, but we had a 6 colloguy on the record, and Your Honor indicated that if the 7 defendants would submit an affidavit consenting to the years 8 on Exhibit B that were at issue in the subpoena, that --9 THE COURT: Are these the two-year or the three-10 year subpoenas, all of them? 11 MS. CHAITMAN: Well, this has what's happened, if 12 I may, just to explain it. 13 THE COURT: Right. 14 MS. CHAITMAN: Based on what Your Honor stated, I 15 then submitted for the then-pending subpoenas -- of course, 16 it's multiplied enormously. For the then-pending subpoenas, 17 I submitted affidavits from each of my clients. Some of 18 them said "We consent for five years to Exhibit B," some 19 said, "We consent for two years." It varied. 20 THE COURT: The question, though, vis-à-vis the 21 subpoenas, is a lot of them were two year; two year before 22 the petition and one year after. 23 MS. CHAITMAN: Now they go from 1998. 24 THE COURT: Okay. 25 MS. CHAITMAN: They cover an entire period.

Page 12 1 THE COURT: Fine. 2 MS. CHAITMAN: So my understanding of what Your 3 Honor had ruled, and perhaps I've misunderstood, was that 4 for the years in which the clients acknowledged Exhibit B as 5 accurate, there can't be a bank subpoena served. 6 THE COURT: Can I ask a question because it was 7 raised in one of the letters? In acknowledging the accuracy, did they also acknowledge that they received the 8 9 transfer? 10 MS. CHAITMAN: Yes, there's deposits and 11 withdrawals. It didn't say that, but I--12 THE COURT: Okay, would this be resolved -- this 13 part of it be resolved by you simply submitting consent 14 orders, assenting orders on the record that deems all of the 15 deposits to have been made, and all the withdrawals to have 16 been taken and received for the years that they agreed to? 17 MR. JACOBS: I don't believe --18 THE COURT: I know there are other issues, but 19 let's deal with that one first. 20 MR. JACOBS: Right. There are -- it's not an easy 21 answer, Your Honor, because it's unclear -- it's clear that 22 the defendant is not acknowledging receipt of the two-year 23 transfers, which is an issue -- a disputed issue of 24 discovery. 25 THE COURT: But if they're acknowledging that

Pg 13 of 39 Page 13 1 they've received --2 MR. JACOBS: The affidavits only acknowledge that for a certain specified year that the customer statements 3 are accurate. I, Your Honor, don't know what that means. I 4 don't know if that means the defendants received the 5 6 transfers, they made the deposits --7 THE COURT: But that's why I'm asking the question 8 on this issue. Maybe this can just be resolved with an 9 order that says that for the period they admit -- I'm just 10 looking at Russell Oasis, he admits that from 2000 on, 11 Exhibit B is accurate. 12 Can this part of it simply be resolved by an order 13 that says that the deposits and withdrawals that appear on 14 the statement, this particular occasion, 2000 on are deemed 15 to be -- the deposits have deemed to have been made to BLMIS 16 and the withdrawals are deemed to have been taken and 17 received by the defendant. And that's all it says. 18 MR. JACOBS: Unfortunately, it's not that simple, 19 Your Honor --

20 THE COURT: Why not?

> MR. JACOBS: Because many of the customer statements also have inter-account transfers, for example, which our allegation is there weren't actually deposits nor withdrawals, it was a fictional bookkeeping entry.

> > I understand that. But you're not THE COURT:

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suing based on inter-account transfers.

MR. JACOBS: Well, the inter-account transfer, depending on how we treated the principal cash balance of the related account, can affect the net equity calculation of the sued-upon account. So it's very relevant to whether

THE COURT: I don't know how they could admit that. That's a third party transferring -- for all they know, a third party makes a transfer to the account.

MR. JACOBS: Right. But Your Honor, Ms. Chaitman is submitting on behalf of her client's very loose language that talks about the accuracy of statements that could later be interpreted to, you know, as a gotcha, well, you know, you have to now -- you have to now live with our contention that there was a \$3 million inter-account transfer made to this account, contrary to our Exhibit B in our complaint, contrary to our allegations in the complaint, and contrary to our principal cash balance.

So the issue is the defendant, in our view, needs to say that the Exhibit B attached to the trustee's complaint is 100 percent accurate and correct, both with respect to all of the deposits and withdrawals, and with respect to the trustee's calculation of the principal cash balance, and with respect to the defendant's receipt of the two-year transfers that were allowed to recover under the

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None of these affidavits come even close to doing that, so we believe we have an absolute right to this discovery, and this isn't even taking into account the issue of the affirmative defenses, which none of Ms. Chaitman's clients have --

THE COURT: Stop. How would any of these defendants' banks have records of transfers from one BLMIS account to another BLMIS account?

MR. JACOBS: They wouldn't because -- they wouldn't. And I'm not saying that we're seeking that discovery from the banks, but it would show that there was never any deposit made from the defendant, that's for example.

THE COURT: But I recall that -- I don't have the statements in front of me -- you had specific columns that showed deposits and withdrawals and I know that there are notations regarding inter-account transfers.

MR. JACOBS: Right.

THE COURT: But I don't know how you insist that a defendant admit that an inter-account transfer occurred or that the real value of that transfer was in some amount.

MR. JACOBS: I'm not asking, I'm not saying in every situation that the bank needs to do that.

THE COURT: But it's not nothing to do with the

bank discovery. We're talking about bank discovery.

MR. JACOBS: Okay. But what you're proposing -what you -- forgive me if I misunderstood what you proposed.

I understood your proposal to be if there were an order
testifying to the accuracy of the customer statements, that
should be suffice -- that would theoretically be sufficient,
and I'm responding to Your Honor's question by saying it's
not because the customer statements are -- don't just
reflect deposits and withdrawals.

THE COURT: All right. So what's the defendant's position -- You know, for instance, let me go back to Mr.

Oasis's affidavit or declaration. He says, "I stipulate the deposits and with withdrawals from 2000 are as represented in Exhibit B." Does that include the trustee's valuation of inter-account transfers? I don't know if there's one in that case

MS. CHAITMAN: There aren't any inter-account transfers in that particular account, and the inter-account transfers are generally much earlier, and anyone would have bank records.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. CHAITMAN: If we're focusing simply on the bank records, what I thought we were trying to do -- and if my wording wasn't satisfactory, the trustee could have suggested something differently -- but I'm not consenting to

Page 17 1 judgment against the client. 2 THE COURT: Right. MS. CHAITMAN: I'm simply saying that for whatever 3 4 period each affidavit deals with, you're not entitled to the 5 bank records, because there's no factual issue as to those 6 deposits and withdrawals. 7 THE COURT: But do they also consent, for the 8 period they agree, that the inter-account transfers, as 9 reflected, are accurately reflected? 10 MS. CHAITMAN: No, they can't do that, because the 11 transferor account was a different person, and they have no 12 knowledge of it. 13 MR. JACOBS: But, so --14 THE COURT: Stop. So, when Mr. Oasis, for 15 example, or some of the others, agree that the deposits are 16 accurately reflected, that does not include inter-account 17 transfers. 18 MS. CHAITMAN: But there are no inter-account 19 transfers. 20 THE COURT: Well, that's what I'm asking you. 21 MS. CHAITMAN: But for this period, Your Honor, 22 that's what I'm saying, there are very few inter-account 23 transfers --24 THE COURT: Okay. MS. CHAITMAN: -- for the -- we're talking about 25

the last several years of Madoff's operation.

THE COURT: All right. Let me rephrase what I said. During the period that they agree that the records accurately reflect the deposits and the withdrawals, does that agreement include any inter-account transfers during that period?

MS. CHAITMAN: I don't have every affidavit in my mind, but I do not believe that it does, because it's only the last two to four years, except Mr. Oasis went back to 2000.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. CHAITMAN: But I don't believe that there are inter-account transfers within this period, and I don't think the bank subpoenas would reveal any evidence of an inter-account transfer.

THE COURT: That, I agree. I agree. Look, what I said repeatedly was that if they would agree that they got the withdrawals -- I was focusing on withdrawals, but I guess made the deposits that are indicated, certainly for the periods covered by the subpoena, and I understand that the subpoenas are now reaching -- going farther back, that they don't have to produce bank records just on that issue if they admit that they've got the deposits and the withdrawals. I realize that there are affirmative defenses and things like that.

MR. JACOBS: Right.

THE COURT: We'll address that in a minute. But it seems to me, for what the bank subpoenas were looking for, if they admit that the deposits and the withdrawals during the period they acknowledge are accurate, subject to possible exceptions for inter-account transfers, which I didn't expect them to be in a position to admit, then that satisfies that aspect of the bank subpoena.

MR. JACOBS: Well, Your Honor, from our perspective we don't -- legally our position is we don't need the bank records to prove any aspect of our case. The BLMIS records we have and that we produced to Ms. Chaitman in every single one of these cases together, as verified by the JP Morgan account records for BLMIS accounts, which show the account balance activity --

THE COURT: You're sure going through a lot of effort to get the records if you don't need them.

MR. JACOBS: Well, Your Honor, Ms. Chaitman is contesting the accuracy of our records. And Your Honor has not yet ruled on whether our proofs are sufficient. So we would be committing malpractice if we didn't aggressively pursue, given Ms. Chaitman's challenge to our records, the bank records from the defendant, which I might add, the defendant's had an obligation to preserve at a minimum, when they filed their claims back in 2009 and most of them did.

So I'm not saying we're going to get life of the account bank subpoena bank records for each defendant in every single case. Most of the banks are telling us they only have some limited subset of those documents for the life of the account. But I'm entitled to at least try. Because if I can't get them, I also have a potential spoliation argument that, in a worst-case scenario, I'm entitled to make, because that may entitle me to an adverse inference as to the defendant's challenge to my proofs.

THE COURT: I think we're talking about two different things.

MR. JACOBS: Okay.

embodied in an order in each case, a brief order, which you can send on notice, or submit a consent order, that the client -- I'm sorry, the defendant acknowledges that the deposits listed in whatever column it was, and the withdrawals listed in whatever column it is, for the years that they're willing to admit, were actually made, in the case of deposits, or withdrawals were made and received for the years -- you know, you're not going to get an agreement about inter-account transfers, and there's nothing in the bank records.

MR. JACOBS: I'm not asking for one, Your Honor, I only based --

Page 21 1 THE COURT: So why doesn't that resolve the bank 2 subpoena issue as to these people? MR. JACOBS: Because it's still -- I guess if it's 3 worded correctly, the defendant would also admit receipt of 4 the relevant withdrawals. But also --5 6 THE COURT: But she's prepared to do that, or I'll 7 sign an order to that effect, unless she tells me she --8 MR. JACOBS: Well, Your Honor, you've invited that 9 10 MS. CHAITMAN: We've been doing that, Your Honor, 11 for specific years. 12 THE COURT: Well, you know, I remember some of the 13 responses to the requests for admission. You said that 14 withdrawals were made, but you didn't receive them and that 15 16 MS. CHAITMAN: But since then we've been giving 17 affidavits for different years, depending on the client. 18 MR. JACOBS: The affidavits don't go anywhere near 19 that bar of what Your Honor just suggested. 20 THE COURT: But I just said I would enter an order 21 that said that, unless Ms. Chaitman says, "No, I don't 22 agree," and then we can return to the bank subpoenas. MS. CHAITMAN: No, I do agree. I do --23 24 THE COURT: All right, fine. So in each of these 25 cases, submit an order, proposed order or settle a proposed

Pg 22 of 39 Page 22 1 order, if Ms. Chaitman won't consent, to the effect that the 2 defendant admits that the deposits reflected in such-andsuch account for such-and-such years is accurate, and that 3 the withdrawals, which she admits they received, are 4 5 accurate for such-and-such year. 6 MS. CHAITMAN: Can we do this in all of my cases? 7 It's 94 separate cases. I have the same issue in every 8 case. 9 THE COURT: Well, if it's the same issue, and 10 you're willing to admit that the deposits were made, your 11 receipts were received, other than this possible inter-12 account transfer issue, why doesn't that solve everything? 13 MS. CHAITMAN: And then the trustee would not be permitted to subpoena bank records. 14 15 THE COURT: Well, wait, you'd still have an issue 16 of the bank records for the defenses. But that's something, 17 that's easier to deal with. MR. JACOBS: Your Honor, we're willing to 18 entertain an order on a case-by-case level, because every 19 20 case is different, but Ms. Chaitman has asked for this order 21 prospectively.

THE COURT: I'm not going to sign a blanket order. Why don't you do this? Why don't you provide the proposed orders to Ms. Chaitman, three cases which trigger this issue.

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Page 23 1 MR. JACOBS: I believe there were six, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Whatever the number was. 3 know, I'm looking at three exhibits, I thought. Okay, 4 whatever the number is. I mean, I guess you can do it in 5 one if they're all the same. And if you can agree on the 6 language, fine. If not, you'll come back, we'll figure out 7 the language, and I'll just sign the orders for all the 8 cases. 9 MR. JACOBS: Your Honor, I would normally be very 10 happy to do that. My only reservation is that we have 11 already been doing this with Ms. Chaitman for over six 12 months, we've provided --13 THE COURT: I said I would sign an order, though. 14 She has to object to a specific order. 15 MR. JACOBS: Okay, so we will prepare that order. 16 THE COURT: And if the objection is such that it 17 doesn't sound like the defendant is really admitting 18 anything, which is what this is about --19 MR. JACOBS: Right. 20 THE COURT: Then we'll go back to the subpoenas, 21 that's all. 22 MR. JACOBS: Okay. MS. CHAITMAN: But Judge, the whole purpose in 23 this exercise is because we believe that the trustee has 24 25 been subpoenaing the bank records in order to identify

Page 24 1 subsequent transferees. So if we have this procedure, and 2 then Your Honor nevertheless gives the trustee the right to 3 subpoena and to use bank records for the years that are covered by the stipulation, then we've accomplished nothing. 4 5 THE COURT: Why would I do that, except for the 6 possibility of defenses, why would I do that? 7 MS. CHAITMAN: Well, but I think we need to iron 8 out what defenses would require production of the subpoenas 9 because otherwise, why would we --10 THE COURT: They're your defenses, and the simple 11 thing is you, the bank will produce or you'll have to get 12 the documents from the bank, and produce all documents 13 relevant to your defenses, and if you don't produce them, 14 you can't use them, that's all. That's an easier one. 15 MR. JACOBS: And may I include that language in 16 the order? 17 THE COURT: Pardon? MR. JACOBS: And may I include that inclusionary 18 language in the order, Your Honor, that states that to the 19 20 extent bank records are produced, the information contained 21 therein --22 THE COURT: (Indiscernible) 23 MR. JACOBS: -- concerned any offset or tax 24 payment can't be --25 In the first instance, the bank THE COURT:

Page 25 records should be turned over to Ms. Chaitman. Because now you're talking about her affirmative defenses and she has the obligation. MR. JACOBS: Right. THE COURT: And she should then produce any bank records that relate to any of her defenses. And if she doesn't produce them, you can't use them. MS. CHAITMAN: I have no problem with that. All right, I have no problem with that. MR. JACOBS: It still makes me a little bit uncomfortable, respectfully, Your Honor, because the bank records are just one form of evidence that Ms. Chaitman could be using to pursue --THE COURT: But we're talking about bank This just relates to the bank subpoenas. defendants individually have other records, that doesn't --MR. JACOBS: Right, but for example, if Ms. Chaitman is submitting an affidavit from a tax preparer that certain tax payments were made in 2007, I'm entitled to the bank records that would show those funds leaving that defendant's account. That's just one example where that would put back into play the relevancy of those records. THE COURT: But she's got to turn that over. If she doesn't turn over records showing that taxes were paid,

how is she going to prove taxes were paid?

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MR. JACOBS: Right, but there are many forms of proof that a defendant could submit. They could submit an affidavit from a tax preparer that says, "I caused this to be paid." And I would be entitled to test that with an actual bank record from a financial institution showing that payment.

THE COURT: But it doesn't give you a bank record showing that the defendant, that, in your example, paid the taxes, I suppose it's possible the accountant paid the taxes, although no accountant is going to do that, so she'll be precluded from using bank records to show she paid the taxes. How else is she going to do it, unless somebody else paid the taxes? I mean, I suppose you could have a husband and wife with separate accounts, and the other spouse could pay the taxes.

MR. JACOBS: But there, you know, I'm just noting, there are many forms of evidence. There is oral testimony, there are other witnesses, and --

THE COURT: I am not foreclosing other discovery.

I'm just saying, this is to resolve this recurring issue

with bank subpoenas. It's not precluding you from any other

evidence, it just deals with the bank records.

MR. JACOBS: No, I understand, but I'm saying that the bank records specifically would be our way of combatting other evidence from a third-party witness, a tax preparer,

Page 27 1 other documentation. 2 THE COURT: Why don't you give me a specific 3 example of how you think you're prejudiced by this procedure. 4 5 MR. JACOBS: I just -- I can only give you a 6 theoretical example and I just named one. So a tax preparer 7 at trial gets on the stand and orally testifies that he 8 caused the defendant to pay in taxes X sum of money in 2007. 9 THE COURT: And the defendant hasn't produced any 10 evidence from banks of that payment? 11 MR. JACOBS: Right. 12 THE COURT: At least from banks through the 13 subpoena. 14 MR. JACOBS: Right, or maybe the tax preparer has 15 documents. 16 THE COURT: So you think I'm going to believe that 17 hey paid it if there's no evidence that they paid it? MR. JACOBS: Well, I can't -- I don't presume to 18 predict what Your Honor would do in that circumstance, but 19 20 all I'm saying is from a Rule 26 perspective, I would be --THE COURT: They would be precluding from using 21 22 bank records that they don't produce, in response to the 23 subpoena. 24 MR. JACOBS: Right. But I would also be precluded 25 from using the bank records to rebut that evidence, is what

Page 28 1 I'm saying. 2 MS. CHAITMAN: Your Honor, can I make this very simple? 3 THE COURT: Sure. 4 5 MS. CHAITMAN: To my knowledge, I may be wrong, 6 and Mr. Epstein can correct me, Mr. Edwards -- I don't 7 believe that the bank records go back more than four to five 8 years. 9 THE COURT: Right, they have to go back to 2003. 10 MS. CHAITMAN: So virtually every client -- maybe 11 there are some exceptions -- but virtually every client got 12 a tax refund for the years 2003 through 2007. So they would have in 2009 received a check from the IRS. Nobody's 13 14 claiming that they paid taxes that weren't recovered for 15 that period of time. 16 THE COURT: Do you have a problem with that being 17 in the order that you withdraw any defenses to the extent 18 you say that you are entitled to an offset for taxes paid 19 between tax year --20 MS. CHAITMAN: Yeah, from 2003 on. 21 THE COURT: All right, put that in the order. 22 MS. CHAITMAN: And there are no bank records for 23 that period -- for prior periods. You know what I mean? It's --24 25 MR. JACOBS: But, Your Honor, this is not true.

Ms. Chaitman is submitting responses in discovery that say exactly the opposite; that tax payments were made for every applicable year that the account was open.

THE COURT: But then they got refunds, I thought

there was some sort of tax (indiscernible) --

MS. CHAITMAN: What I'm saying is that the banks won't have the records for 1994. They --

MR. JACOBS: Respectfully, Your Honor, I don't believe the solution to this issue is for me to have to forgo discovery rights. I believe the solution is for Ms. Chaitman to withdraw or amend her affirmative defense to clearly state what she means by it. Because otherwise, I'm forgoing discovery to which I'm entitled to under both Rule 45 and Rule 26, and it does tie our hands behind our back when Ms. Chaitman later comes out with proofs or evidence that we're not able to use that discovery we were precluded from.

THE COURT: But she can't do it from the bank accounts. If she doesn't produce -- I don't understand the difficulty. Maybe I'm missing something. If she doesn't produce a check or a wire, whatever, that she paid the taxes -- I'm sorry, not she, but the client paid the taxes -- then the defense will fail.

MR. JACOBS: But I still would be entitled -THE COURT: Unless it was paid from an account

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Page 30 1 that she never subpoenaed, or it was paid by a third party, 2 as indicated in a husband-wife situation, where there were 3 separate accounts. MR. JACOBS: Right. I understand, Your Honor, but 4 5 I can only reiterate my example where there's oral 6 testimony, there's other documentation that payments were 7 made that aren't the bank records, that the bank records may 8 contradict. 9 THE COURT: You know, I don't know how many times 10 I can say this. We're just talking about the bank records. 11 I am not talking about other evidence. If you want to take 12 the deposition, if you want to serve document demand, all 13 documents relating to the affirmative defenses, whatever 14 they are, then do that. But this is just with respect to 15 the bank subpoenas. 16 MR. JACOBS: I apologize, Your Honor, I'm not 17 making myself clear. 18 THE COURT: You are making yourself clear. MR. JACOBS: I'm only talking about the bank 19 records, my --20 21 THE COURT: We're just talking at cross-purposes. 22 I'm not issuing a broad discovery rule for all discovery in 23 this case. It's just about the bank subpoenas. 24 MR. JACOBS: Respectfully, Your Honor, the bank 25 subpoenas are the most relevant evidence in all of these

Page 31 1 cases, which are about financial transfers. So I'm only 2 talking about the bank subpoenas as well, and I'm saying if 3 there's an order precluding me from obtaining them, and 4 proof is later put on that payments were made or other 5 disputes concerning any of our obligations, we will be 6 foreclosed from using those bank records to (indiscernible) 7 our case. 8 THE COURT: But why would the bank records show --9 if I'm saying she's precluded from using them and she 10 doesn't turn them over? 11 MR. JACOBS: Well, I'm saying if an accountant 12 gets on the stand and says there's was a \$1 million payment, 13 I won't be able to have the bank records to show that that's 14 not true. That's the example that I was trying to make. 15 THE COURT: If he says -- if the accountant says a 16 \$1 million payment was made, and a defendant is unable or 17 precluded from producing a record showing that payment, do 18 you think I'm going to believe that that payment was made? 19 MR. JACOBS: I would hope you wouldn't, Your 20 Honor, but to protect our rights, I have to prepare for that possible eventuality, because I can't predict every --21 22 THE COURT: So what is it that you propose? MR. JACOBS: I think that I -- what I've said from 23 24 the very first chambers conference we had in January, Your

Honor, if the defendant admits to our Exhibit B, the

accuracy of our Exhibit B, which includes the principal cash balance of the account, in addition they admit to receipt of the two-year transfers, and in addition, they withdraw or amend their affirmative defenses, we will withdraw or refrain from serving any bank subpoenas in that case.

MR. JACOBS: And that also, I believe, is squarely on point with Your Honor's bench ruling from March 23rd on

THE COURT: You're going to have to show me --

THE COURT: But I don't under -- I guess what I don't understand is if I'm precluding them from using bank records that they don't produce to support an affirmative defense, where does that leave you? I mean, why is that result not favorable?

MR. JACOBS: Because I'm submitting, respectfully, that I'm entitled to the bank records to defend the affirmative defense. Apart from their affirmative obligation, they do have the affirmative obligation to prove their affirmative defense. I'm still entitled to seek discovery on any facts or evidence that I believe will rebut that affirmative defense.

So that's why, apart from whether they decide to produce bank statements or not, I'm still entitled, from a discovery perspective, to those statements, because I can anticipate that someone might get on the stand and say, "I

the motions to quash.

Page 33 1 paid \$1 million in taxes on June 12th, 2007." I would want 2 the bank records to prove or deny that. THE COURT: So if the order that we've been 3 4 talking about said to the extent records are not produced, 5 they will be deemed not to support the defense, is that --6 MR. JACOBS: That would help. THE COURT: All right, any objection to that? 7 MS. CHAITMAN: No. 8 9 THE COURT: All right, why don't you draft it, and 10 make it simple. 11 MR. JACOBS: Okay. 12 MS. CHAITMAN: Your Honor, this motion was brought at a time when subpoenas were served in six cases. They've 13 14 now been served in maybe three. 15 THE COURT: It's the same procedure. 16 MS. CHAITMAN: Can we agree that it will apply to 17 everyone? THE COURT: Well, you know, I -- for that matter, 18 I don't have the complaints before me, but --19 20 MS. CHAITMAN: They're all the same. 21 THE COURT: They're going to be resolved along the 22 same line. You know, and I know the devil is in the 23 details, and sometimes what sounds like you're agreeing to 24 here, when you go and read it, at least I remember the 25 responses to all submissions that weren't quite as broad as

Page 34 1 had been represented to me. If an order says straight up, I 2 agree to basically the trustee's record, putting aside --3 MS. CHAITMAN: To the accuracy of Exhibit B, 4 right. 5 THE COURT: -- for a period of time, then they 6 can't get the bank records for that period of time, if it's 7 a short period. 8 Somebody says, "I can only agree to the last six 9 months," and the bank has records going back earlier, they can get those. We have this affirmative defense issue, 10 11 which I hope we've resolved. But I don't see why you can't 12 follow the same procedure in every case. 13 MS. CHAITMAN: Okay, it just --THE COURT: How about a separate order in each 14 15 case? MR. JACOBS: Thank you, Your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: Because you can't -- all of these 18 cases are different, they all have nuances, some are going to have inter-account transfers, I'm assuming, during that 19 20 period that they're admitting the accuracy. Just deal with 21 it on a case-by-case basis. 22 MS. CHAITMAN: okay. 23 MR. JACOBS: Your Honor, we've already undertaken 24 very similar efforts. We've offered Ms. Chaitman fact 25 transfer stipulations, none of which she's agreed to.

THE COURT: I know.

MR. JACOBS: The very simple, straightforward way proposed simple admissions to -- broken down by -- to the discrete detail of every transfer and request for admissions, that was not agreed to.

We will endeavor to put together a simple proposed order, but it will have to cover all of the issues that we talked about today, and I unfortunately am not optimistic that we won't be back before you in short order fighting about that order, because Ms. Chaitman just has not cooperated with us as to the factual issues in these cases.

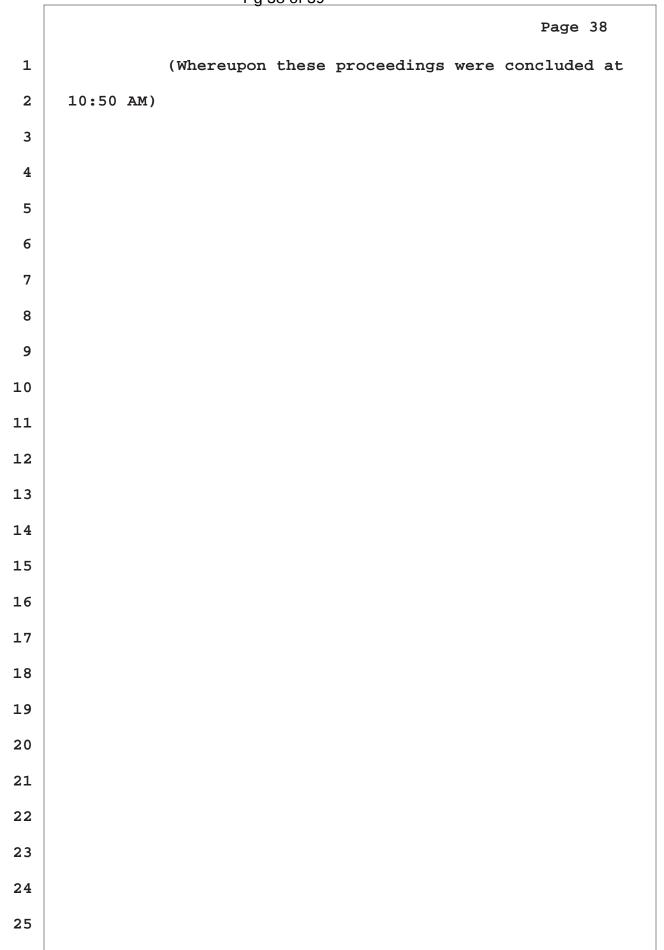
THE COURT: When can you send your draft order?

MR. JACOBS: We could do, for the six cases where Ms. Chaitman's clients have submitted an affidavit, I would propose we start with those and I think that we could put those together in a week's time. It's kind of a weird, strange time right now. A lot of people are out because of the holiday, and I don't want to impose any burdens on people who have time off, so two weeks would be better, but certainly no longer than that.

Then the other issue is that going forward, a lot of fact discovery has closed in a lot of Ms. Chaitman's cases, and we're not going to retroactively agree to this type of order in those cases. She's free to admit to disputed factual issues if she wishes, but I don't know why

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| 1 | that burden should be on us to have to facilitate that when |
| 2 | we already have tried RFAs and fact transfer stipulations. |
| 3 | THE COURT: All I'm suggesting is why don't you |
| 4 | come up with a form of the order |
| 5 | MR. JACOBS: Right. |
| 6 | THE COURT: there may be some tinkering in the |
| 7 | different cases, but come up with a form of an order. It |
| 8 | will apply to each of the cases which seems to solve the |
| 9 | bank discovery issue. |
| 10 | MR. JACOBS: Right. |
| 11 | THE COURT: And if she doesn't agree |
| 12 | MR. JACOBS: I should be |
| 13 | THE COURT: depending on what the reason for |
| 14 | the disagreement is, maybe get the bank records. |
| 15 | MR. JACOBS: I should be in a position to submit |
| 16 | that to file that with the Court within a week's time, if |
| 17 | that's acceptable to the Court. |
| 18 | THE COURT: Why don't you provide it to Ms. |
| 19 | Chaitman? |
| 20 | MR. JACOBS: Okay. |
| 21 | THE COURT: Today's the 6th, by the 13th, that's a |
| 22 | week from today. |
| 23 | MR. JACOBS: Okay. |
| 24 | THE COURT: Ms. Chaitman, return it how long |
| 25 | will you need with the order? We're talking about six |

Page 37 1 cases. 2 MS. CHAITMAN: 24 hours. 3 THE COURT: All right, so provide your response by 4 Friday, July 15th, that's 48 hours, and provide a blacklined 5 copy. 6 MS. CHAITMAN: Sure. 7 THE COURT: And I'll schedule another hearing on 8 this, if necessary, for July 20th, two weeks from today. 9 MR. JACOBS: Okay. And if we are -- hopefully we 10 can reach an agreement, but if we aren't able to reach an 11 agreement, would you like us to file --12 THE COURT: I don't need anymore. I just have to 13 look at the orders. Just remember we're talking about the 14 bank subpoenas, not some overly-broad order relating to all 15 the discovery in the case. 16 MR. JACOBS: Okay. 17 MS. CHAITMAN: I just want to clarify one thing. Mr. Edwards said, you know, I've been unreasonable in 18 19 negotiating this. What the trustee's counsel has asked for is an admission that Exhibit B is accurate from 1980 on. 20 I'm not in a position to do that. That was never the issue, 21 22 Your Honor. 23 THE COURT: I understand. 24 MS. CHAITMAN: Thank you. 25 Thank you, thank you. THE COURT: Okay.



Page 39 1 CERTIFICATION 2 3 I, Sonya Ledanski Hyde, certified that the foregoing 4 transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. 5 Digitally signed by Sonya Ledanski Hyde Sonya DN: cn=Sonya Ledanski Hyde, 6 o=Veritext, ou, Ledanski Hyde email=digital@veritext.com, c=US Date: 2016.07.08 10:25:49 -04'00' 7 8 Sonya Ledanski Hyde 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 Veritext Legal Solutions 21 330 Old Country Road 22 Suite 300 23 Mineola, NY 11501 24 25 July 8, 2016 Date: